



## THE DAILY RECORD-UNION

TUESDAY.....OCTOBER 23, 1883

THIS MORNING'S NEWS.

In New York Government bonds are quoted at \$121 for 4s of 1867, 1144 for 4s, 101 for 3s; sterling, \$4,821@86%; 100 for 3s, 100 for 6s; silver bars, 110%.

Silver in London, 50 11/16; consols, 101 9/16; 5 per cent. United States bonds, extended, 105; 4s, 124; 4s, 118.

In San Francisco Mexican dollars are quoted at 75@84 cents.

Gold coins in San Francisco yesterday were about the same as at the close of last week. Business was comparatively quiet.

Fire at Annapolis, Md.; loss, \$45,000. Two persons were killed.

In a mile in Burke county, Georgia, one man was killed and several others wounded.

The French Minister of War will return the system of mobilizing the army, keeping the prospect of war always uppermost in his mind.

Equitable stocks were experienced yesterday at Mata and Trieste.

The Chinese Admiral has arrived at Shanghai with eight gunboats.

In a collyer accident near Stoke-upon-Trent, England, Sunday, six miners were killed and three wounded.

John Russell Young's wife died in Paris yesterday.

Prince Napoleon is to publish a manifesto.

The Chinese are attacking the Black Flag in Anam.

Thirty-six Mormon missionaries passed through New York yesterday, en route to Europe.

The report of a new clue to the fate of Charlie Ross is confirmed.

A steamer from Copenhagen for New York, with 500 persons on board, was reported on fire off Fire Island yesterday, and arrived in the afternoon with the passengers.

An Indian was found murdered at Susanville, Lassen county, yesterday.

The wife of General Anson Stager, of the Western Telegraph Company, died yesterday in Chico.

At Middleville, Mich., yesterday, three men and a boy were burned to death.

Charles C. Brooks, the highwayman, was sentenced to life at Rafael yesterday to forty years' imprisonment.

The trucks of Donahue, the San Francisco banker, seized in New York, will be released upon the payment of the duties and costs of suit.

Particulars in regard to the murder of Samuel B. Sharpe are received from Susanville, Lassen county.

A new Methodist church was dedicated Sunday at Forest City, Sioux.

The new insane asylum at Salem, Or., has been completed.

Mormon preachers travel a rough path in Indiana.

The mail between Portland, Or., and New York is carried in six and one-half days.

Salt Lake lawyers oppose the nomination of Sumner Howard, of Michigan, to be Chief Justice of Utah.

Track-laying has commenced at Tucson, A. T., on the narrow gauge road to Globe.

In a railroad accident near Fort Edward, N. Y., yesterday, three persons were killed.

A prominent merchant of Baltimore has mysteriously disappeared.

Peter Peterson, shot by John Desmond at Vallejo Sunday evening, died yesterday.

A damaging frost occurred Sunday night in Sonoma county.

Ex-Senator Sharpe was yesterday sued in San Francisco for \$120,000 damages for slander, by Wm. M. Nielsen, a lawyer.

The son of the late Major-General James B. Stewart took a pistol yesterday in Toledo, O., and was attended by at least 10,000 persons.

Elias Perkins, President of the Security Savings Bank, died at Merced yesterday.

In a row on a boat in San Francisco yesterday, one man fractured the skull of another.

**THE LOCAL SANITARY REFORM.**

In no well-conducted city is a resident permitted to render the atmosphere of his neighborhood unpleasant, not to say dangerous to health, by permitting gases from filth pits and cesspools to be discharged so as to sweep into the windows and doors of houses. The sanitarians of the world are agreed that the proper discharge for such gases is into the upper atmosphere, and the higher the better. Nature there takes care of them, and they are resolved into harmless forms. It is for these reasons that the chimneys of various manufacturing establishments are required to be carried to great height, that the people may not be inconvenienced. But the chimneys of all the factories in California combined do not emit gases as dangerous to public health as those that arise from filth pits and are usually distributed in the lower atmosphere, and often than not escape into houses. A chimney from a kitchen stove rising only to the level of the windows of a neighboring house, into which the breeze sweeps the smoke, will unquestionably be declared a nuisance. Yet it would not be one thousandth part as dangerous to health as the low ventilating pipe of a fifth closet or cesspool discharging disease germs into the lower atmosphere, to be wafted into living apartments. The Board of Health of this city, impressed with these truths, required all cesspools and filth pits to be fitted with ventilating pipes rising into the upper atmosphere.

The Trustees ratified the order, and no citizen who has obeyed fails to testify to the benefits made immediately apparent. Yet we are credibly informed that Trustees Guttenberger and Nielsen have taken the Health Officer to task for enforcing the ordinance. It seems scarcely possible that they can have done so seriously. Is it known that the few who oppose the ordinance boast that they will secure its repeal, and one of these yesterday warned one of the Health Board that a repeal was certain. If stupidity and dogged resistance of this character is supported by the two Trustees against the unanimous action of the Board of Health, it will be a signal instance of the laws of health and the demonstrations of sanitary science succumbing to ignorance. We are not ready to believe that the Trustees named are prepared to array themselves against the sanitary reform instituted in this city. But that they have declared the strict enforcement of the ordinance to be unnecessary is certain.

In the light of that declaration there is reason to fear that the threatened repeal of the ordinance has some relation to the declarations of the two Trustees. Why so simple, cheap and unobjectionable a means of promoting the continuance of the cesspool system—which should be abolished utterly—is opposed, it is very difficult to understand. Certainly it cannot be on the score of expense; nor on account of its ineffectiveness, because experience gives that the objection the lie; nor yet because it tends to cleanliness and purity of the atmosphere. There remains but one possibility: it is inconvenient and obnoxious to those who prefer filth and foul air, disease and plagues, to the proper sanitation of a city situated as is this, or else prefers appearances to prosperity and health. Mr. Nielsen expresses the fear that the place will be dubbed "the City of Chimneys." That is preferable to its being known as "the City of Cesspools and Fevers."

**THE SOUTH.**

Mr. Watterson was very happy in the lucidity and consciousness of his statement of the true condition of the South, in his witty and pointed speech before the Banker's Convention the other day. Said he, in effect, the war left the South poor but free; she went to work; she has kept up her war ever since; she finds work agreeable, beneficial and profitable, and "so-day there is not a reward offered in a single Southern State for wolf skins." This was a witty way of saying that the blotting

out of slavery has been a good thing for the South, and that she has no cause to regret it whatever; that the South should have no "lingerings," no sighs for anything lost in slavery. The crisp remarks also indicate that the South is anxious for all the rewards due to labor—that she invites capital investment to develop her resources, and skilled labor to aid mapping out her destiny. For these she can give good security—the security of a people awakened to their own possibilities, of a country the wealth and productive capacity of which has not yet been measured. There is but one thing to retard the entry of capital and the enterprise of the South invites. This possible obstacle is suggested by the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*, which says: "Public sentiment in the South seems to be so badly demoralized upon the question of State and municipal honor in financial transactions. The railroad companies in San Francisco yesterday were about the same as at the close of last week. Business was comparatively quiet.

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**THE SUICIDAL POLICY.**

It will be most unfortunate for France if the rumor proves to be true that the extremists are about to move a second time for the expulsion of the remaining members of the Orleans family from France.

The Democratic party in Ohio never exceeded the Republican vote in 1880 by 11,151. In 1883 the Democratic excess is much less. It is remarked upon as a significant fact, "What," said he, "will become of the Democratic State ticket if any Democratic organization goes over to the aid of the Republicans?" Then he "hoped" there would no such misfortune occur.

Now the cause of this trembling is revealed in the fact that citizens' organizations are becoming very popular in New York city for the purpose of diversing municipal administration from politics. Kelly declares it is a Republican movement, although some of the most prominent Democrats in New York are engaged in it. In this way he hopes to injure these citizens' organizations.

But the people of the cities are awakening to the necessity of limiting political activity in municipalities and of conducting their business according to business principles, and not to suit local bosses.

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## PACIFIC SLOPE.

**HIGHWAYMAN FENTON.** At San Rafael—Actions From Governor.—The Slave Murder—Church Dedicated—Oregon Items—The Homicide at Vallejo—Another Death Case Decided—Damaging Frost—Sharon Sued for Slander—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

## CALIFORNIA.

**THE KNIGHTS TEMPLARS.**

SAN FRANCISCO, October 22d.—A final meeting of the Knights Templars Chapter of the Knights Templars Triennial Committee has been called for next Wednesday evening. At that time reports will be received from Chairman of the Knights Templars Finance Committee and the Knights Templars Trustee, and the Knights Templars Secretary and Treasurer.

The trial created much interest, the Court-room being crowded each day, with a large attendance of ladies this afternoon, to hear Laura DeForce Gordon's closing argument.

The Fort Jones claim, that Klamath river yielded nearly seventy-three ounces in the past two days.

**A Heavy Frost.**

SOMMEL, October 22d.—There was quite a heavy frost last night, which in some localities did considerable damage.

**Death Merced.**

MERCED, October 22d.—Elias Perkins, President of the Merced Security Savings Bank, died at an early hour this morning, after a brief illness. The flags of the town are at half-mast, as a mark of respect to the deceased.

**METROPOLITAN THEATER.**

**AT SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT!** Coming to the great favor with which our first performance met with, the Management, at the request of numerous citizens who failed to witness that entertainment, desire to give another Grand Performance by the entire

**THEATER COMIQUE COMPANY.**

—ON—

**FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 26TH.**

And also a

**AS SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT,**

ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, OCT. 27TH.

**LADIES AND CHILDREN.** An entirely new and successful production, *Tom Hickey's Laughable Comedy*, entitled

**M.R. BOBBY GAYLOR,**

Supported by the entire COMIQUE COMPANY.

**AT SPECIAL Popular Prices: 25 and 50cts. Reserved Seats. Matinee Prices, 25 and 50cts. No extra charge to reserve.**

604, 606, 608 K st., and 1109, 1111, 1113 and 1115 Sixth street,

—WILL BE SOLD AT—

**ONE HORSES, WAGON AND HARNESS**

One Top Buggy and Harness, nearly Four Tops of Hay, etc.

**AT Terms Cash. Sale Positive. \$2.**

Sherburn & Smith, Auctioneers.

**AUCTION SALE**

—AND—

**STORM TO LET:**

No. 912 J STREET.

**WEDNESDAY, OCT. 24, 1883**

So to commence at 10 o'clock a.m. sharp, and without reserve, to suit business, the Entire Stock of

FURNITURE, BEDDING, CARPETS, PAR-

LOWS, STOVES, COOK-STOVES, AND RANGES

Contained in Store, No. 912 J street, between Ninth and Tenth, consisting, in part, as follows:

2 Fine Parlor Sets.

2 Fine Walnut Marble-top Bed-room Sets.

3 Assorted Coll. Sets.

2 White Curled Hair Mattresses (new).

3 Fine Bed Lounges.

1 Small Bed Lounges.

7 pair Feather Pillows.



